Approved For Release 1999/09/16: CIA-RDP70-00058R0

Nixon's Cuba Charge Denied By Kennedy

President Says He Didn't Violate Security, That He Didn't Know Of Invasion Plan

> By WILLIAM KNIGHTON JR. [Washington Bureau of The Sun]

Richard Nixon that President Ken- in his book.

nedy violated security restrictions during the 1960 campaign, thus "does not believe that intelligence jeopardizing the planned invasion briefings are a proper subject of

of this program until after he the training of troops outside of was elected President, the White Guba or of any plans for 'support-House said.

The denial was in answer to "Mr. Nixon's account is appar-Nixon's statement that he was ently based on a misunder-standing." opponent urged American support of intervention against the Castro briefings from Mr. Allen Dulles regime in Cuba after being told of the CIA. The first, on July 23, in secret intelligence briefings that 1960, and the second on Septemthe Eisenhower Administration ber 19, 1960. was training Cuban exiles for an "Ove invasion of the island.

Charge Made In Book

clared.

The charge of the former Vice President is made in his book, "Six Crises," to be published briefing by Allen Dulles and Richshortly.

the form of a statement by Pierre Salinger, the President's press secretary.

This said Nixon's charge apparently was based on a "misunderstanding."

Dulles, who, according to Nixon, briefed Mr. Kennedy, also said he believed there had been an "honest misunderstanding."
Salinger was prepared with the

Washington, March 20 — The statement for newsmen this White House bluntly denied today morning after some papers had a charge by former Vice President printed the charges Nixon made

of Cuba.

The denial was supported by the account in Mr. Nixon's book Allen Dulles, former head of the it is necessary to say that the Central Intelligence Agency.

Mr. Kennedy was not advised told before the election of 1960 of

"Senator Kennedy received two

"Over-All Review"

"The two briefings covered an overall review of the world situa-Such public advocacy endan-gered the operation, Nixon de-tion during which Cuba was men-tioned. tioned.

"But Senator Kennedy was first informed of the operation to which Mr. Nixon refers in a ard Bissell, of the CIA, given in The White House denial was in Palm Beach, Fla., on November 18, 1960."

Nixon, in his book, states that as soon as he read newspaper accounts of the Kennedy address of October 20, in which he criticized; the Republican Administration for not supporting the non-Batista democratic anti-Castro forces in exile, he asked Brad Seaton, then

Secretary of the Interior and a Nixon campaign advisor, to come to his hotel room.

"I knew that President Eisenhower had arranged for Kennedy to receive regular briefings from Allen Dulles, director of the CIA; on all covert operations around the world, as well as on the latest intelligence estimates—precisely so he would be as well aware as I: of what our policies and pro-

"Asked Senator To Call"

"I asked Seaton to call White House at once on the sec rity line and find out whether not Dulles had briefed Kenne on the fact that for months t CIA had not only been supporting an invasion of Cuba self.

"Seaton reported back to me a half hour. His answer: Kenne had been briefed on this ope ation.

"For the first time and only time in the campaign, 1 got mad at Kennedy-personally. I understand and expect hard-hitting attacks in a campaign. But in this instance I thought that Kennedy. with full knowledge of the facts. was jeopardizing the security of a United States foreign policy operation. And my rage was greater because I could do nothing about it."

Nixon said he could not attack, his opponent, for making public and advocating a policy already under way, for this would dis-close the "secret operation and completely destroy its effectiveness."

Softer Course

So in order to protect the planned operation, he took a softer course than interventionquarantine of Cuba-he said.

The White House said that some time after this incident, the then Senator Kennedy was again briefed by the CIA—specifically by Brig. Gen. Charles Cabell, then deputy director of the agencybut that Cuba was not mentioned at that time.

In Whittier, Cal., Nixon, advised of the White House denial,

"I have no comment, at this time, until I have a chance to read the statement. There will be a lot of controversy over the book, f Limagine.'

Dalles Comment Issued

The Dulles comment, issued through the CIA, reported that he had read both the Nixon version of the Kennedy briefings and the White House statement, and added:

"There has been here, I believe, an honest misunderstanding. This was probably due to the nature of the message Mr. Nixon writes he received as to these briefings.

"The Cuban situation was, of course, dealt with in the briefings I gave to Senator Kennedy. The last briefing I gave him was over a month before the debate in which the issue arose. My briefings were intelligence briefings on the world situation.

"They did not cover our own Government's plan or programs

STATINTL